



**Assessment of Implementation
Status of
Janani Shishu Suraksha
Karyakram (JSSK)
in
Chhattisgarh State**

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Assessment of implementation status of Janani Shishu Suraksha Karyakram (JSSK) in Chhattisgarh state

BACKGROUND:

Government of India launched Janani Shishu Suraksha Karyakram (JSSK) scheme in June 2011 to further enhance the institutional delivery and reduce the out of pocket expenses for families of all pregnant women in the public sector facilities. JSSK provides free and cashless Delivery in the public sector institutions. In this context, the present study was conducted to assess implementation status of Janani Shishu Suraksha Karyakram (JSSK) in Chhattisgarh state.

OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

1. To assess the implementation status of JSSK in Chhattisgarh.

METHODOLOGY

Study design: Cross Sectional study

Study population: all pregnant women, all recently delivered women (not more than 1 year), all Mothers of infants (0-1year) who visited or admitted in facility.

Study period: February 2016 to June 2016

Data collection: Semi structured questionnaire was used to collect the data.

Key Respondents

Care givers

- CMHO -4 , DPM-6, CS-4, Medical Suprintendent-1, BMO-7, BPM-6, MO(Medical Officer),District data officer -7, DEO(Data entry operator) -14, Block Account Manager-2, ANM-4, Staff Nurse- 9, Pharmacist-4

Beneficiaries

- Pregnant Women-107, Delivered women-120, Mothers of Infant-54

Facilities Covered

- Medical College - 1
- District hospital -8
- Civil Hospital - 1
- Community Health Centre-10
- Primary Health Centre -6

Ethical Consideration: Verbal Informed consent was taken before the interview.

RESULT:

JSSK implementation

Key findings:

1. Many of JSSK beneficiaries are paying user fee for services.
2. Care givers and beneficiaries both are not aware of the entitlements under JSSK.
3. Out of pocket expenditure on medicine and diagnostic services.
4. Poor supply of essential medicines as (IFA tablets, Calcium tablets) and consumables.
5. Hospitals do not have clarity on JSSK administrative guidelines and fund utilization.
6. Records were not maintained as per JSSK register formats.
7. Lack of programme monitoring & supportive supervision.
8. No grievance redressal mechanism on place in facilities to complain about the services.

Table 1: Out of pocket expenditure on Drugs/Consumables

	Pregnant	Delivered	Infant
Mean	1306 INR	443 INR	450 INR
Median	570 INR	275 INR	150 INR
Minimum	30 INR	40 INR	20 INR
Maximum	6500 INR	1800 INR	1500 INR

Table-2: Expenditure on Diagnostics

	Pregnant	Delivered	Infant
median	130 INR	475 INR	90 INR
mean	149 INR	475 INR	90 INR

RECOMMENDATION:

- Hospitals should have visible IEC material (boards and hoardings) inside and outside the hospital for patient and staff awareness.
- Audio recordings can be also played in OPD or Female- IPD about entitlements under JSSK or JSY with much other health information.
- Strengthen the supply of essential drugs and consumables.
- Supportive supervision and use of data for monitoring and review
- Strengthen the public grievance redressal mechanism (104) and patient feedback should be taken regularly.